

# **Tatneft Group**

IFRS CONSOLIDATED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

AS OF AND FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

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# Report on Review of Consolidated Interim Condensed Financial Statements

To the Shareholders and Board of Directors of PAO Tatneft

. AO PricewaterhouseCoppers Audit

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated interim condensed statement of financial position of PAO Tatneft and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as of 30 June 2015 and the related consolidated interim condensed statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the three-month and six-month periods then ended, and changes in equity and cash flows for the six-month period then ended. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated interim condensed financial statements in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting". Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated interim condensed financial statements based on our review.

## **Scope of Review**

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

## Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated interim condensed financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting".

27 August 2015

Moscow, Russian Federation

## TATNEFT Consolidated Interim Condensed Statement of Financial Position (Unaudited)

(In millions of Russian Roubles)

	Note	30 June 2015	31 December 2014
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	23,695	41.548
Restricted cash		996	1.635
Accounts receivable, net	5	62,621	46.059
Short-term financial assets	6	72,488	25,323
Inventories	7	35.574	32.462
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	8	20.343	31,157
Prepaid income tax		1.220	2.418
Total current assets		216,937	180,602
Long-term accounts receivable, net	5	1.212	1.364
Long-term financial assets	9	32.338	29.893
Investments in associates and joint ventures	10	7.058	7.212
Property, plant and equipment, net		531.952	507,586
Deferred income tax assets		2.258	2.982
Other long-term assets		2,907	3.295
Total non-current assets		577,725	552,332
Total assets		794,662	732,934
Liabilities and shareholders' equity			
Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt	11	8,144	15.859
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	12	39,873	37.882
Dividends payable		24,139	117
Taxes payable	14	20,920	14,440
Income tax payable		2.929	166
Total current liabilities		96,005	68,464
Long-term debt, net of current portion	[]	11.334	12.888
Other long-term liabilities	13	3.616	2.960
Decommissioning provision, net of current portion		47,420	44,779
Deferred income tax liability		20.561	21.599
Total non-current liabilities		82,931	82,226
Total liabilities		178,936	150,690
Shareholders' equity			
Preferred shares (authorized and issued at 30 June 2015 and			
31 December 2014-147,508,500 shares; nominal value at 30			
June 2015 and 31 December 2014 – RR1.00)		746	746
Common shares (authorized and issued at 30 June 2015 and			
31 December 2014– 2,178,690,700 shares; nominal value at 30			
June 2015 and 31 December 2014 – RR1.00)		11,021	11,021
Additional paid-in capital		87.156	87,482
Accumulated other comprehensive income		1.582	1,888
Retained earnings		489.922	457.915
Less: Common shares held in treasury, at cost			
(55,491.000 shares and 55,514,000 shares at 30 June 2015 and 31 December 2014, respectively)		(3.083)	(3.087)
Total Group shareholders' equity		587,344	555,965
Non-controlling interest		28,382	26,279
Total shareholders' equity		615,726	582,244
Total liabilities and equity		794,662	732,934

Approved for issue and signed on behalf of the Board of Directors on 27.08. 2015

Maganov N.U. CEO

Voskoboinikov V.A. Director of International Reporting

**TATNEFT** Consolidated Interim Condensed Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income (Unaudited) (In millions of Russian Roubles)

		Three months ended 30 June:			ths ended June:
	Note	2015	2014	2015	2014
Sales and other operating revenues, net	16	144,450	128,122	279,511	244,862
Costs and other deductions					
Operating		(23,887)	(22,736)	(45,907)	(42,398)
Purchased oil and refined products		(15,099)	(15,495)	(27,206)	(26,279)
Exploration		(420)	(437)	(922)	(828)
Transportation		(7,148)	(5,402)	(15,605)	(11,645)
Selling, general and administrative		(12,543)	(10,815)	(23,029)	(20,064)
Depreciation, depletion and amortization Loss on disposals of property, plant and		(5,822)	(5,289)	(11,531)	(10,232)
equipment, investments and impairments		(83)	(640)	(159)	(857)
Taxes other than income taxes	14	(38,227)	(30,359)	(74,050)	(61,712)
Maintenance of social infrastructure and transfer		(88,227)	(00,000)	(, 1,000)	(01,/12)
of social assets		(1,220)	(902)	(2,341)	(1,809)
Total costs and other deductions		(104,449)	(92,075)	(200,750)	(175,824)
Other income/(expenses)					
Foreign exchange (loss)/gain		(183)	403	(2,777)	(803)
Interest income		3,491	1,813	6,425	3,173
Interest expense, net of amounts capitalized		(1,608)	(1,422)	(3,301)	(2,873)
(Losses)/earnings from equity investments	10	(376)	203	(662)	40
Other (expenses)/income, net		(481)	197	(606)	(318)
Total other income/(expenses)		843	1,194	(921)	(781)
Profit before income taxes		40,844	37,241	77,840	68,257
Income taxes		(7.006)	(4.041)	(10.615)	(12.242)
Current income tax expense		(7,806)	(4,841)	(18,615)	(12,342)
Deferred income tax (expense)/benefit	1.4	(1,611)	(3,287)	303	(1,308)
Total income tax expense  Profit for the period	14	(9,417) 31,427	(8,128) 29,113	(18,312) 59,528	(13,650) 54,607
Other comprehensive income/(loss): Items to be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Foreign currency translation adjustments Unrealized holding gains on available-for-sale		(112)	(1,139)	(15)	(901)
securities, including share of associates, net of tax  Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:		101	185	214	112
Actuarial (loss)/gain on employee benefit plans		(505)	7	(505)	7
Other comprehensive loss		(516)	(947)	(306)	(782)
Total comprehensive income for the period		30,911	28,166	59,222	53,825
Profit attributable to: - Group shareholders - Non-controlling interest		29,462 1,965 <b>31,427</b>	27,174 1,939 <b>29,113</b>	56,031 3,497 <b>59,528</b>	51,565 3,042 <b>54,607</b>
<b>Total comprehensive income is attributable to:</b> - Group shareholders		28,946	26,227	55,725	50,783
- Non-controlling interest		1,965	1,939	3,497	3,042
		30,911	28,166	59,222	53,825
Basic and diluted net earnings per share (RR)		=		<b>.</b>	<b>4</b>
Common		12.97	11.97	24.67	22.71
Weighted average shares outstanding		12.94	11.94	24.64	22.68
(millions of shares)		2 122	2 122	2 122	2 122
Common		2,123	2,123	2,123	2,123
Preferred		148	148	148	148

**TATNEFT Consolidated Interim Condensed Statement of Changes in Equity (Unaudited)**(In millions of Russian Roubles)

	Attributable to Group shareholders										
	Number of shares (thousands)	Share capital	Additional paid-in capital	Treasury shares	Actuarial (loss)/gain on employee benefit plans	Foreign currency translation adjustments	Unrealized holding gains on available-for- sale securities, including share of associates, net of tax	Retained earnings	Total shareholders' equity	Non-con- trolling interest	Total equity
At 1 January 2014	2,270,607	11,767	87,482	(3,102)	(818)	1,284	423	384,376	481,412	22,570	503,982
Profit for the six months	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	51,565	51,565	3,042	54,607
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the six months	-	_	-	-	7	(901)	112	-	(782)	-	(782)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for											
the six months	-	-	-	-	7	(901)	112	51,565	50,783	3,042	53,825
Treasury shares:	53	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	10	-	10
- Acquisitions	(302)	-	-	(63)	-	-	-	-	(63)	-	(63)
- Disposals	355	-	-	73	-	-	-	-	73	-	73
Acquisition of non-controlling interest in subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	163	163
Dividends declared	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(18,688)	(18,688)	(698)	(19,386)
Balance at 30 June 2014	2,270,660	11,767	87,482	(3,092)	(811)	383	535	417,253	513,517	25,077	538,594
At 1 January 2015	2,270,685	11,767	87,482	(3,087)	(198)	1,933	153	457,915	555,965	26,279	582,244
Profit for the six months	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	56,031	56,031	3,497	59,528
Other comprehensive (loss)/income for											
the six months	-	-		-	(505)	(15)	214	-	(306)		(306)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the six months	-	-	-	-	(505)	(15)	214	56,031	55,725	3,497	59,222
Treasury shares:	23	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	4	-	4
- Acquisitions	(21)	-	-	(5)	-	-	-	-	(5)	-	(5)
- Disposals	44	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	9	-	9
Acquisition of non-controlling interest in											
subsidiaries	-	-	(326)	-	-	-	-	-	(326)	(723)	(1,049)
Dividends declared	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(24,024)	(24,024)	(671)	(24,695)
Balance at 30 June 2015	2,270,708	11,767	87,156	(3,083)	(703)	1,918	367	489,922	587,344	28,382	615,726

TATNEFT Consolidated Interim Condensed Statement of Cash Flows (Unaudited) (In millions of Russian Roubles)

	Six months ended 30 June 2015	Six months ended 30 June 2014
Operating activities		
Profit for the period	59,528	54,607
Adjustments:		
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	11,531	10,232
Income tax expense	18,312	13,650
Loss on disposals of property, plant and equipment, investments		
and impairments	159	857
Transfer of social assets	50	1
Effects of foreign exchange	(246)	1,522
Equity investments losses/(gains) net of dividends received	662	(40)
Change in provision for impairment of financial assets	468	(467)
Change in fair value of trading securities	-	(34)
Interest income	(6,425)	(3,173)
Interest expense	3,301	2,873
Other	(265)	(447)
Changes in operational working capital, excluding cash:		
Accounts receivable	(15,474)	(4,274)
Inventories	(3,246)	(4,354)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	10,802	767
Trading securities	430	1,166
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	136	3,022
Taxes payable	6,480	3,507
Notes payable	, <u>-</u>	(2)
Other long-term assets	232	332
Net cash provided by operating activities before income tax and		
interest	86,435	79,745
Income taxes paid	(14,654)	(12,300)
Interest paid	(572)	(1,177)
Interest received	5,141	2,453
Net cash provided by operating activities	76,350	68,721
Investing activities		
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(34,183)	(21,923)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	379	678
Proceeds from disposal of investments	-	75
Purchase of investments	(1,098)	(67)
Purchase of certificates of deposit, net	(51,717)	(30,604)
Proceeds/(issuance) from loans and notes receivable, net	1,830	(2,538)
Change in restricted cash	639	(160)
Net cash used in investing activities	(84,150)	(54,539)
Financing activities		. ,
Proceeds from issuance of debt	6,453	7,249
Repayment of debt	(15,784)	(31,703)
Dividends paid to shareholders	(2)	(4)
Dividends paid to non-controlling shareholders	(671)	(698)
Purchase of treasury shares	(5)	(37)
Proceeds from sale of treasury shares	5	37
Net cash used in financing activities	(10,004)	(25,156)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(17,804)	(10,974)
Effect of foreign exchange on cash and cash equivalents	(49)	92
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	41,548	29,535
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	23,695	18,653

## **Note 1: Organisation**

PAO Tatneft (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (jointly referred to as "the Group") are engaged in crude oil exploration, development and production principally in the Republic of Tatarstan ("Tatarstan"), a republic within the Russian Federation. The Group also engages in refining and marketing of crude oil and refined products as well as production and marketing of petrochemicals (see Note 16).

The Company was incorporated as an open joint stock company effective 1 January 1994 (the "privatization date") pursuant to the approval of the State Property Management Committee of the Republic of Tatarstan (the "Government"). All assets and liabilities previously managed by the production association Tatneft, Bugulminsky Mechanical Plant, Menzelinsky Exploratory Drilling Department and Bavlinsky Drilling Department were transferred to the Company at their book value at the privatization date in accordance with Decree No. 1403 on Privatization and Restructuring of Enterprises and Corporations into Joint-Stock Companies. Such transfers were considered transfers between entities under common control at the privatization date, and were recorded at book value.

The Group does not have an ultimate controlling party.

As of 30 June 2015 and 31 December 2014 the government of Tatarstan, including through its wholly owned company AO Svyazinvestnefteknim, controls approximately 36% of the Company's voting stock. These shares were contributed to AO Svyazinvestneftekhim by the Ministry of Land and Property Relations of Tatarstan in 2003. Tatarstan also holds a "Golden Share", a special governmental right, in the Company. The exercise of its powers under the Golden Share enables the Tatarstan government to appoint one representative to the Board of Directors and one representative to the Revision Committee of the Company as well as to veto certain major decisions, including those relating to changes in the share capital, amendments to the Charter, liquidation or reorganization of the Company and "major" and "interested party" transactions as defined under Russian law. The Golden Share currently has an indefinite term. The Tatarstan government, including through AO Svyazinvestneftekhim, also controls or exercises significant influence over a number of the Company's suppliers and contractors.

The Company is domiciled in the Russian Federation. The address of its registered office is Lenina St., 75, Almetievsk, Tatarstan Republic, Russian Federation.

### Note 2: Basis of presentation

The consolidated interim condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting". The consolidated interim condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014, which have been prepared in accordance with IFRSs.

These consolidated interim condensed financial statements are unaudited and do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual IFRS financial statements. The Company omitted disclosures which would substantially duplicate the disclosures contained in its 2014 audited consolidated financial statements, such as accounting policies and details of accounts which have not changed significantly in amount or composition. Management believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading if these consolidated interim condensed financial statements are read in conjunction with the Group's 2014 audited consolidated financial statements and the notes related thereto. In the opinion of the Group's management, the unaudited consolidated interim condensed financial statements and notes thereto reflect the known adjustments, all of which are of a normal and recurring nature, necessary to fairly state the Group's financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods.

The entities of the Group maintain their accounting records and prepare their statutory financial statements principally in accordance with the Regulations on Accounting and Reporting of the Russian Federation ("RAR"). The accompanying consolidated interim condensed financial statements have been prepared from these accounting records and adjusted as necessary to comply with IFRS.

The principal differences between RAR and IFRS relate to: (1) valuation (including indexation for the effect of hyperinflation in the Russian Federation through 2002) and depreciation of property, plant and equipment; (2) foreign currency translation; (3) deferred income taxes; (4) valuation allowances for unrecoverable assets; (5) consolidation; (6) share based payment; (7) accounting for oil and gas properties; (8) recognition and disclosure of guarantees, contingencies and commitments; (9) accounting for decommissioning provision; (10) pensions and other post retirement benefits and (11) business combinations and goodwill.

## **Note 2: Basis of presentation (continued)**

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year.

Income tax in the interim periods is accrued using the tax rate that would be applicable to expected total annual profit or loss.

Use of estimates in the preparation of financial statements. The Group makes estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts recognised in the financial statements and the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. In preparing these consolidated interim condensed financial statements, the significant judgements made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014, with the exception of changes in estimates that are required in determining the provision for income taxes.

**Decommissioning provisions.** Management makes provision for the future costs of decommissioning oil and gas production facilities, wells, pipelines, and related support equipment and for site restoration based on the best estimates of future costs and economic lives of the oil and gas assets. Estimating future decommissioning provisions is complex and requires management to make estimates and judgments with respect to removal obligations that will occur many years in the future.

Sensitivity analysis for changes in rates, and other estimates:

		Impact on decommi	ssioning provision
	Change in	At 30 June 2015	At 31 December 2014
Discount rate	+1%	(10,287)	(9,890)
	-1%	13,574	13,103

**Functional and presentation currency.** The presentation currency of the Group is the Russian rouble.

Management has determined the functional currency for each consolidated subsidiary of the Group, except for major subsidiaries located outside of the Russian Federation, is the Russian Rouble because the majority of its revenues, costs, property and equipment purchased, debt and trade liabilities are either priced, incurred, payable or otherwise measured in Russian Roubles. Accordingly, transactions and balances not already measured in Russian Roubles (primarily US Dollars) have been re-measured into Russian Roubles in accordance with the relevant provisions of IAS 21 "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates".

For operations of major subsidiaries located outside of the Russian Federation, that primarily use US Dollar as the functional currency, adjustments resulting from translating foreign functional currency assets and liabilities into Russian Roubles are recorded in a separate component of shareholders' equity entitled foreign currency translation adjustments. Revenues, expenses and cash flows are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions).

The official rate of exchange, as published by the Central Bank of Russia ("CBR"), of the Russian Rouble ("RR") to the US Dollar ("US \$") at 30 June 2015 and 31 December 2014 was RR 55.52 and RR 56.26 to US \$, respectively. Average rate of exchange for the six months ended 30 June 2015 and 2014 was RR 57.40 and RR 34.98 per US \$, respectively.

Consolidation. Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group has the power to direct relevant activities of the investee that significantly affect their returns, exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases. Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains and losses on transactions between Group companies are eliminated.

**Associates and joint ventures.** Associates and joint ventures are entities over which the Group has significant influence (directly or indirectly), but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20 and 50 percent of the voting rights. Investments in associates and joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method of accounting and are initially recognised at cost.

## Note 3: Adoption of new or revised standards and interpretations

A number of amendments to current IFRS and annual improvements became effective for the periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015 but did not have any significant impact on the Group's consolidated interim condensed financial statements:

- Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions Amendments to IAS 19 (issued in November 2013 and effective for annual periods beginning 1 July 2014).
- Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2012 (issued in December 2013 and effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014 (except for IFRS 2 that is effective for transactions for which the grant date is on or after 1 July 2014, and IFRS 3 that is effective for business combinations with acquisition date on or after 1 July 2014)).
- Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2013 (issued in December 2013 and effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).

Certain new standards, interpretations and amendments to standards have been issued that are mandatory for the annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016 or later, and which the Group has not early adopted. The full list of such standards, interpretations and amendments to standards was disclosed in the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended 31 December 2014. No new standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards were issued during the six months ended 30 June 2015.

#### Note 4: Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise the following:

	At 30 June	At 31 December
	2015	2014
Cash on hand and in banks	10,407	8,077
Term deposits with original maturity of less than three months	13,288	33,471
Total cash and cash equivalents	23,695	41,548

As of 30 June 2015 the majority of cash and cash equivalents are held in Promsvyazbank, Bank Zenit and its subsidiaries, Absolut Bank, Sberbank and Raiffeisenbank. As of 31 December 2014 the majority of cash and cash equivalents are held in Bank Zenit and its subsidiaries, Sberbank, Raiffeisenbank, VTB and Ak Bars Bank. Bank deposits represent deposits with original maturities of less than three months. The fair value of cash and term deposits approximates their carrying value.

#### Note 5: Accounts receivable

Short-term and long-term accounts receivable comprise the following:

	At 30 June	At 31 December
	2015	2014
Short-term accounts receivable:		
Trade receivables	75,710	61,591
Other financial receivables	6,842	4,748
Less provision for impairment	(19,931)	(20,280)
Total short-term accounts receivable	62,621	46,059
Long torm accounts receivables		
Long-term accounts receivable:	<b>500</b>	<b>570</b>
Trade receivables	580	650
Other financial receivables	811	761
Less provision for impairment	(179)	(47)
Total long-term accounts receivable	1,212	1,364
Total financial assets within trade and other receivables	63,833	47,423

#### **Note 5: Accounts receivable (continued)**

In accordance with the Group's policies for recorded provision for impairment the Group fully provided for receivables from ChMPKP Avto of US \$334 million as of 30 June 2015 and 31 December 2014, relating to the sale of crude oil to Ukraine (Kremenchug refinery) (Note 18).

The estimated fair value of short-term and long-term accounts receivable approximates their carrying value.

## Note 6: Short-term financial assets

Short-term financial assets comprise the following:

	At 30 June	At 31 December
	2015	2014
Loans and receivables:		
Notes receivable	3,673	3,536
Other loans (net of provision for impairment of RR 23 million		
and RR 50 million as of 30 June 2015 and 31 December 2014)	1,867	3,156
Certificates of deposit	64,858	16,111
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:		
Held-for-trading	2,090	2,520
Total short-term financial assets	72,488	25,323

During the six months ended 30 June 2015 purchases of certificates of deposit and cash proceeds from certificates of deposit were RR 83,401 million and RR 34,654 million, respectively.

During the six months ended 30 June 2014 purchases of certificates of deposit and cash proceeds from certificates of deposit were RR 50,772 million and RR 20,349 million, respectively.

During the six months ended 30 June 2015 cash issuance of notes receivable and other loans and cash proceeds from notes receivable and other loans were RR 747 million and RR 3,841 million, respectively.

During the six months ended 30 June 2014 cash issuance of notes receivable and other loans and cash proceeds from notes receivable and other loans were RR 3,989 million and RR 2,677 million, respectively.

The estimated fair value of loans and receivables approximates their carrying value.

Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss comprise the following:

	At 30 June	At 31 December
	2015	2014
Held-for-trading:		
Equity securities	608	663
Corporate debt securities	1,482	1,705
Russian government debt securities	=	152
Total financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	2,090	2,520

## **Note 7: Inventories**

	At 30 June 2015	At 31 December 2014
Materials and supplies	12,811	10,924
Crude oil	6,805	8,799
Refined oil products	8,953	7,634
Petrochemical supplies and finished goods	7,005	5,105
Total inventories	35,574	32,462

## Note 8: Prepaid expenses and other current assets

Prepaid expenses and other current assets are as follows:

	At 30 June 2015	At 31 December 2014
Prepaid export duties	4,341	14,177
VAT recoverable	6,150	5,788
Advances	7,340	7,289
Prepaid transportation expenses	878	1,621
Other	1,634	2,282
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	20,343	31,157

## Note 9: Long-term financial assets

Long-term financial assets comprise the following:

	At 30 June	At 31 December
	2015	2014
Loans and receivables:		_
Notes receivable (net of provision for impairment of		
RR 318 million as of 30 June 2015 and 31 December 2014)	3,393	3,571
Loans to employees	2,544	2,636
Other loans	2,097	2,353
Certificates of deposit	19,551	16,581
Available-for-sale investments	4,753	4,752
Total long-term financial assets	32,338	29,893

The fair value of long-term financial assets is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash inflows at the market interest rate available to the Group at the end of the reporting period.

The carrying amounts and fair values of long-term financial assets are as follows:

	Carrying amounts		Fa	ir values
	At 30 June 2015	At 31 December 2014	At 30 June 2015	At 31 December 2014
Notes receivable	3,393	3,571	3,294	3,292
Loans to employees	2,544	2,636	2,544	2,636
Other loans	2,097	2,353	1,798	1,852
Certificates of deposit	19,551	16,581	17,017	11,578
Total long-term financial assets	27,585	25,141	24,653	19,358

During the six months ended 30 June 2015 purchases of long-term certificates of deposit were RR 2,970 million.

During the six months ended 30 June 2014 purchases of long-term certificates of deposit were RR 181 million.

During the six months ended 30 June 2015 cash issuance of long-term notes receivable and other loans and cash proceeds from long-term notes receivable and other loans were RR 1,608 million and RR 344 million, respectively.

During the six months ended 30 June 2014 cash issuance of long-term notes receivable and other loans and cash proceeds from long-term notes receivable and other loans were RR 1,606 million and RR 380 million, respectively.

## Note 10: Investments in associates and joint ventures

Investments in associates and joint ventures comprise the following:

	Ownership	Ownership percentage at Net book value at		Transfer of the contract of th		Net book value at			
Name of an investee	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	(loss)/profit six months 30 Jun	ended			
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014			
Associates and joint									
ventures:									
Bank Zenit	25	25	6,517	7,131	(833)	87			
Other	20-75	20-75	541	81	171	(47)			
Total			7,058	7,212	(662)	40			

The country of incorporation or registration of associates and joint ventures is also their principal place of business. For all major associates and joint ventures the country of incorporation is the Russian Federation.

Note 11: Debt

	At 30 June 2015	At 31 December 2014
Short-term debt		
Foreign currency denominated debt		
Current portion of long-term debt	4,868	11,887
Other foreign currency denominated debt	416	382
Rouble denominated debt		
Current portion of long-term debt	31	75
Other rouble denominated debt	2,829	3,515
Total short-term debt	8,144	15,859
Long-term debt		
Foreign currency denominated debt		
US \$2.0 bln 2010 credit facility	3,059	10,779
US \$75 mln 2011 credit facility	2,353	2,573
US \$144.5 mln 2011 credit facility	3,983	4,273
EUR 55 mln 2013 credit facility	3,276	3,521
Other foreign currency denominated debt	2,863	2,830
Rouble denominated debt		
Other rouble denominated debt	699	874
Total long-term debt	16,233	24,850
Less: current portion of long-term debt	(4,899)	(11,962)
Total long-term debt, net of current portion	11,334	12,888

Foreign currency debts are primarily denominated in US Dollars.

The Group does not apply hedge accounting and has not entered into any hedging arrangements in respect of its foreign currency obligations or interest rate exposures.

**Short-term Russian Rouble denominated debt.** Russian Rouble denominated short-term debt is primarily comprised of loans with Russian companies and banks. Short-term Rouble denominated loans of RR 2,829 million and RR 3,515 million bear contractual interest rates of 8% to 14.98% per annum as of 30 June 2015 and 8% to 14.85% per annum as of 31 December 2014.

#### **Note 11: Debt (continued)**

Long-term foreign currency denominated debt. In June 2010, the Company entered into a triple (3, 5 and 7 year) tranches secured credit facility for up to US \$2 billion arranged by Barclays Bank PLS, BNP Paribas (Suisse) SA, Bank of Moscow, Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ LTD Citibank N.A., Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft, ING Bank N.V., Natixis SA, Nordea Bank, The Royal Bank of Scotland N.V., Sberbank, Société Générale, Sumitomo Mitsui Finance Dublin LTD, Unicredit Bank AG, VTB Bank and WestLB AG. The loan is collateralized with the contractual rights and receivables under an export contract between Tatneft and Tatneft Europe AG under which Tatneft supplies no less than 750,000 metric tons of oil in a calendar quarter. The loan agreement requires compliance with certain financial covenants including, but not limited to, minimum levels of consolidated tangible net worth and interest coverage ratios. The 5-year tranche has the margin of LIBOR plus 3.40%, while the 7-year tranche bears the interest of LIBOR plus 5%. The 3-year and 5-year tranches were fully repaid.

In November 2011, TANECO entered into a US \$75 million credit facility with equal semi-annual repayments during ten years. The loan was arranged by Nordea Bank AB (Publ), Société Générale and Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation Europe Limited. The loan bears interest at LIBOR plus 1.1% per annum. The loan agreement requires compliance with certain financial covenants including, but not limited to, minimum levels of consolidated tangible net worth and interest coverage ratios.

In November 2011, TANECO entered into a US \$144.5 million credit facility with equal semi-annual repayments during ten years with the first repayment date on 15 May, 2014. The loan was arranged by Société Générale, Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation Europe Limited and the Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ LTD. The loan bears interest at LIBOR plus 1.25% per annum. The loan agreement requires compliance with certain financial covenants including, but not limited to, minimum levels of consolidated tangible net worth and interest coverage ratios.

In May 2013, TANECO entered into a EUR 55 million credit facility with equal semi-annual repayment during ten years. The loan was arranged by The Royal Bank of Scotland plc and Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation Europe Limited. The loan bears interest at LIBOR plus 1.5% per annum. The loan agreement requires compliance with certain financial covenants including, but not limited to, minimum levels of consolidated tangible net worth and interest coverage ratios.

Management believes that for the periods ended 30 June 2015 and 31 December 2014 the Group was in compliance with all covenants required by the above loan agreements.

The carrying amounts and fair-values of long-term debt are as follows:

	Carrying values		Fair va	llues						
	At 30	At 30	At 30	At 30	At 30	At 30	At 30	At 31	At 30	At 31
	June	December	June	December						
	2015	2014	2015	2014						
US\$ denominated fixed rate	2,863	2,830	2,863	2,830						
US\$ denominated floating rate	9,395	17,625	9,205	16,815						
EUR denominated floating rate	3,276	3,521	2,707	2,691						
RR denominated fixed rate	699	874	699	874						
Total long-term debt	16,233	24,850	15,474	23,210						

The fair value of long-term debts was determined based on future cash flows discounted at the market interest rate available to the Group at the end of the reporting period.

	At 30 June	At 31 December
	2015	2014
Trade payables	20,961	17,269
Other payables	4,011	1,347
Total financial liabilities within trade and other		
payables	24,972	18,616
Salaries and wages payable	5,011	4,187
Advances received from customers	2,406	6,883
Current portion of decommissioning provisions	987	959
Other accounts payable and accrued liabilities	6,497	7,237
Total non-financial liabilities	14,901	19,266
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	39,873	37,882

The fair value of each class of financial liabilities included in short-term trade and other payables at 30 June 2015 and 31 December 2014 approximates their carrying value.

## Note 13: Other long-term liabilities

Other long-term liabilities are as follows:

	At 30 June	At 31 December	
	2015	2014	
Pension liability	3,370	2,749	
Other long-term liabilities	246	211	
Total other long-term liabilities	3,616	2,960	

## Note 14: Taxes

Income tax expense comprises the following:

	Three months ended 30 June:			ths ended une:
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Current income tax expense	(7,806)	(4,841)	(18,615)	(12,342)
Deferred income tax (expense)/benefit	(1,611)	(3,287)	303	(1,308)
Income tax expense for the period	(9,417)	(8,128)	(18,312)	(13,650)

Presented below is reconciliation between the provision for income taxes and taxes determined by applying the statutory tax rate 20% to profit before income taxes:

	Three months ended 30 June:		Six months ended 30 June:	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Income before income taxes and non-				
controlling interest	40,844	37,241	77,840	68,257
Theoretical income tax expense at statutory rate	(8,169)	(7,448)	(15,568)	(13,651)
Increase due to:				
Non-deductible expenses, net	(1,260)	(680)	(1,899)	(1,043)
Other	12	-	(845)	1,044
Income tax expense	(9,417)	(8,128)	(18,312)	(13,650)

#### **Note 14: Taxes (continued)**

The Group is subject to a number of taxes other than income taxes, which are detailed as follows:

	Three months ended 30 June:			
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Mineral extraction tax	36,286	28,778	70,172	58,598
Property tax	1,483	1,261	2,971	2,501
Other	458	320	907	613
<b>Total taxes other than income taxes</b>	38,227	30,359	74,050	61,712

At 30 June 2015 and 31 December 2014 taxes payable were as follows:

	At 30 June	At 31 December
	2015	2014
Mineral extraction tax	12,170	7,300
Value Added Tax on goods sold	3,436	2,694
Export duties	1,671	596
Property tax	1,425	1,419
Other	2,218	2,431
Total taxes payable	20,920	14,440

#### Note 15: Fair values

A number of the Group's accounting policies and disclosures require the determination of fair value for financial assets and liabilities. Fair values have been determined for measurement and for disclosure purposes.

The estimated fair values of financial instruments are determined with reference to various market information and other valuation techniques as considered appropriate.

## Fair value hierarchy

The different levels of fair value hierarchy have been defined as follows:

Level 1-Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to assess at the measurement date. For the Group, Level 1 inputs include held-for-trading financial assets that are actively traded on the Russian domestic markets.

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. For the Group, Level 2 inputs include observable market value measures applied to available for sale securities.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. These inputs reflect the Company's own assumptions about the assumptions a market participant would use in pricing the asset or liability.

## **Note 15: Fair values (continued)**

## **Recurring fair value measurements**

The levels in the fair value hierarchy into which the recurring fair value measurements are categorised as follows:

	At 30 June 2015				A	At 31 Dece	mber 2014	
				Total carrying				Total carrying
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	value
Held-for-trading investments	928	-	1,162	2,090	1,160	-	1,360	2,520
Available-for-sale investments	-	4,753	-	4,753	-	4,752	-	4,752
Total	928	4,753	1,162	6,843	1,160	4,752	1,360	7,272

The description of valuation technique and description of inputs used in the fair value measurement for Level 2 measurements at 30 June 2015:

	Fair value	Valuation technique	Inputs used
Available-for-sale investments	4,753	Quoted prices for similar	Publicly available
		investments in active markets,	information
		net assets valuation	
Total	4,753		

Available-for-sale financial assets, comprise of RR 3,585 million (11.7%) Ak Bars Bank shares which are not quoted in any Stock Exchange and the fair value are measured on Ak Bars Bank Group per IFRS Financial Statements (Net assets value) and other publicly available information.

There were no changes in valuation technique for Level 2 and Level 3 recurring fair value measurements during the six months ended 30 June 2015 and the year ended 31 December 2014.

There have been no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the period.

## Assets and liabilities not measured at fair value but for which fair value is disclosed

Fair values analysed by level in the fair value hierarchy and carrying value of assets and liabilities not measured at fair value are as follows:

		At 30 June 2015			At 31 December 2014			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total carrying value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total carrying value
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	23,695	-	_	23,695	41,548	-	-	41,548
Restricted cash	996	-	-	996	1,635	-	-	1,635
Accounts								
receivable	-	-	63,833	63,833	-	-	47,423	47,423
Financial assets	-	-	95,051	97,983	-	-	42,162	47,944
Total assets	24,691	-	158,884	186,507	43,183	-	89,585	138,550
Liabilities								
Debt	-	-	(18,719)	(19,478)	-	-	(27,107)	(28,747)
Trade and other payable	-	-	(49,111)	(49,111)	-	-	(18,733)	(18,733)
Total liabilities	-	-	(67,830)	(68,589)	-	-	(45,840)	(47,480)

#### Note 15: Fair values (continued)

The fair values in Level 3 of fair value hierarchy were estimated using the discounted cash flows valuation technique. The fair value of unquoted fixed and floating interest rate instruments was estimated based on estimated future cash flows expected to be received discounted at current interest rates for new instruments with similar credit risk and remaining maturity.

#### **Note 16: Segment information**

Operating segments are components that engage in business activities that may earn revenues or incur expenses, whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the Board of Directors and the Management Committee and for which discrete financial information is available.

Segments whose revenue, result or assets are ten percent or more of all the segments are reported separately.

The Group's business activities are conducted predominantly through three main operating segments:

- Exploration and production consists of exploration, development, extraction and sale of own crude oil.
   Intersegment sales consist of transfer of crude oil to refinery and other goods and services provided to other operating segments,
- Refining and marketing comprises purchases and sales of crude oil and refined products from third parties, own refining activities and retailing operations,
- Petrochemical products include production and sales of tires and petrochemical raw materials and refined products, which are used in production of tires.

Other sales include revenues from ancillary services provided by the specialized subdivisions and subsidiaries of the Group, such as sales of oilfield equipment and drilling services provided to other companies in Tatarstan, revenues from the sale of auxiliary petrochemical related services and materials as well as other business activities, which do not constitute reportable business segments.

The Group evaluates performance of its reportable operating segments and allocates resources based on segment earnings, defined as profit before income taxes and non-controlling interest not including interest income, expense, and earnings from equity investments, other income (expenses) and foreign exchange loss or gain. Intersegment sales are at prices that approximate market. Group financing (including interest expense and interest income) and income taxes are managed on a Group basis and are not allocated to operating segments.

For the three months ended 30 June 2015, revenues of RR 20,898 million or 14% of the Group's total sales and operating revenues are derived from one external customer.

For the six months ended 30 June 2015, revenue of RR 38,897 million or 14% of the Group's total sales and operating revenues are derived from one external customer.

For the three months ended 30 June 2014, revenues of RR 19,414 million or 15% and RR 13,426 million or 10% of the Group's total sales and operating revenues are derived from two external customers.

For the six months ended 30 June 2014, revenue of RR 35,826 million or 15% of the Group's total sales and operating revenues are derived from one external customer.

These revenues represent sales of crude oil and refined products and are attributable to the exploration and production segment and refining and marketing segment.

Management does not believe the Group is dependent on any particular customer.

**Note 16: Segment information (continued)** 

**Segment sales and other operating revenues.** Reportable operating segment sales and other operating revenues are stated in the following table:

	Three months ended 30 June:		Six mo	
	2015	2014	ended 30 2015	2014
Exploration and production	2013	2017	2013	2017
Domestic own crude oil	22,212	22,468	40,844	43,219
CIS own crude oil	5,091	2,915	10,247	4,957
Non-CIS own crude oil	39,175	29,340	78,541	57,354
Other	1,129	1,060	2,182	2,125
Intersegment sales	30,913	28,095	59,570	54,051
Total exploration and production	98,520	83,878	191,384	161,706
Refining and marketing				
Domestic sales	4.50	<b>7</b> 100	c 105	6714
Crude oil purchased for resale	4,560	5,190	6,105	6,714
Refined products	32,312	33,032	56,755	57,369
Total Domestic sales	36,872	38,222	62,860	64,083
CIS sales				
Refined products	2,923	2,392	6,415	3,568
Total CIS sales <sup>(1)</sup>	2,923	2,392	6,415	3,568
Non-CIS sales				
Crude oil purchased for resale	2,202	2,613	6,307	5,900
Refined products	20,978	15,564	44,972	38,818
Total Non-CIS sales <sup>(2)</sup>	23,180	18,177	51,279	44,718
Other	1,309	1,153	2,477	2,163
Intersegment sales	690	738	1,555	1,642
Total refining and marketing	64,974	60,682	124,586	116,174
Petrochemicals				
Tires – domestic sales	6,327	6,242	12,119	10,437
Tires – CIS sales	1,689	1,440	2,844	2,507
Tires – non-CIS sales	382	304	810	582
Petrochemical products and other	559	681	1,166	1,281
Intersegment sales	217	239	534	417
Total petrochemicals	9,174	8,906	17,473	15,224
Total segment sales	172,668	153,466	333,443	293,104
Corporate and other sales	3,602	3,728	7,727	7,868
Elimination of intersegment sales	(31,820)	(29,072)	(61,659)	(56,110)
Total sales and other operating			·	
revenues	144,450	128,122	279,511	244,862

<sup>(1) -</sup> CIS is an abbreviation for Commonwealth of Independent States (excluding the Russian Federation).

<sup>(2) -</sup> Non-CIS sales of crude oil and refined products are mainly made to Germany, Switzerland, Netherlands and United Kingdom based traders and Poland based refineries.

## **Note 16: Segment information (continued)**

## **Segment earnings**

	Three months ended 30 June:		Six months ended 30 June:	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Segment earnings				
Exploration and production	36,384	31,900	70,676	58,260
Refining and marketing	6,005	6,402	11,533	14,076
Petrochemicals	410	(398)	429	(384)
Total segment earnings	42,799	37,904	82,638	71,952
Corporate and other	(2,798)	(1,857)	(3,877)	(2,914)
Other income/(expenses)	843	1,194	(921)	(781)
Profit before income tax	40,844	37,241	77,840	68,257

## Segment assets

	At 30 June 2015	At 31 December 2014
Assets		
Exploration and production	298,922	280,081
Refining and marketing	304,182	294,658
Petrochemicals	32,658	30,094
Corporate and other	158,900	128,101
Total assets	794,662	732,934

As of 30 June 2015 and 31 December 2014 corporate and other segment comprised RR 7,058 million and RR 7,212 million, respectively, investments in associates and joint ventures.

The Group's assets and operations are primarily located and conducted in the Russian Federation.

## Segment depreciation, depletion and amortisation and additions to property, plant and equipment

	Three months ended 30 June:		Six months		
			ended 30 June:		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Depreciation, depletion and amortization					
Exploration and production	3,263	2,989	6,468	5,641	
Refining and marketing	1,546	1,361	2,995	2,692	
Petrochemicals	444	457	894	875	
Corporate and other	569	482	1,174	1,024	
Total segment depreciation, depletion					
and amortization	5,822	5,289	11,531	10,232	
Additions to property, plant and					
equipment					
Exploration and production	11,458	4,428	16,388	7,933	
Refining and marketing	9,464	4,872	18,606	10,685	
Petrochemicals	14	117	26	886	
Corporate and other	681	3,397	1,610	4,791	
Total additions to property, plant and					
equipment	21,617	12,814	36,630	24,295	

## **Note 17: Related party transactions**

Transactions are entered into in the normal course of business with associates, joint ventures, government related companies, key management personnel and other related parties. These transactions include sales and purchases of refined products, purchases of electricity, transportation services and banking transactions.

## Associates, joint ventures and other related parties

The amounts of transactions for each period with associates, joint ventures and other related parties are as follows:

	Three months		Six months		
	ended 30	June:	ended 30 June:		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Revenues and income					
Sales of refined products	4	3	8	7	
Other sales	150	73	287	156	
Costs and expenses					
Purchases of crude oil	29	76	72	130	
Other services	542	106	655	252	
Other purchases	3	431	366	831	

For the six months ended 30 June 2015 and 2014, the Group sold crude oil on a commission basis from related parties for RR 72 million and RR 130 million, respectively.

At 30 June 2015 and 31 December 2014 the outstanding balances with associates, joint ventures and other related parties were as follows:

	At 30 June	At 31 December
	2015	2014
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	6,135	6,258
Restricted cash	897	1,554
Accounts receivable	826	421
Notes receivable	3,579	3,459
Short-term certificates of deposit	11,635	4,394
Trading securities	7	176
Loans receivable	485	515
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	848	189
Due from related parties short-term	24,412	16,966
Long-term accounts receivable	10	6
Long-term certificates of deposit	15,976	16,006
Long-term loans receivable	4,867	4,974
Due from related parties long-term	20,853	20,986
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(164)	(45)
Short-term debt	(616)	(1,744)
Due to related parties short-term	(780)	(1,789)

As of 30 June 2015 and 31 December 2014, the Group had RR 7,704 million and RR 7,719 million, respectively, in loans and notes receivable due from Bank Zenit or its wholly-owned subsidiary Bank Devon Credit. These loans and notes mature between 2015 and 2022, bearing interest between 2.48% and 9.99%. As of 30 June 2015 and 31 December 2014, the Group has short and long-term certificates of deposit of RR 27,611 million and RR 20,400 million, respectively, held with Bank Zenit or its wholly-owned subsidiary Bank Devon Credit.

## **Note 17: Related party transactions (continued)**

In March 2009 the Group placed a long-term deposit with Bank Zenit for RR 2,140 million payable in 10 years bearing interest 10.85%. In February 2014 an additional agreement was signed, as result of which this deposit will be payable in 15 years with a new interest rate of 9.35% per annum. The Group entered into a subordinated deposit agreement with Bank Zenit in January 2013 in the amount of RR 3,600 million payable in 10 years bearing interest of 9% per annum. In February 2014 an additional agreement was signed, as result of which this deposit will be payable in 15 years without a change of interest rate.

## Russian Government bodies and state organizations

The amounts of transactions for each period with Government bodies and state organizations are as follows:

	Three months		Six months		
	ended 30	June:	ended 30 June:		
_	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Sales of crude oil	-	807	-	807	
Sales of refined products	963	1,207	2,385	1,449	
Other sales	97	57	203	158	
Purchases of crude oil	-	-	841	-	
Purchases of refined products	5,301	4,939	9,184	8,611	
Purchases of electricity	2,661	2,680	5,538	5,497	
Purchases of transportation services	4,340	3,759	9,075	7,412	
Other services	1,010	792	1,969	1,584	
Other purchases	589	-	625	52	

### **Note 18: Contingencies and commitments**

## **Operating Environment of the Group**

The Russian Federation displays certain characteristics of an emerging market. Its economy is particularly sensitive to oil and gas prices. Tax, currency and customs legislation is sometimes subject to varying interpretations and contributes to the challenges faced by companies operating in the Russian Federation.

During 2014 the Russian economy was negatively impacted by a decline in oil prices and ongoing political tensions.

The ongoing uncertainty and volatility of the financial markets and other risks could have significant negative effects on the Russian financial and corporate sectors. Management determined provisions for impairment by considering the economic situation and outlook at the end of the reporting period.

These events, in case of escalation, may have a further significant impact on the Group's future operations and financial position, the effect of which is difficult to predict.

The future economic development of the Russian Federation is dependent upon external factors and internal measures undertaken by the government to sustain growth, and to change the tax, legal and regulatory environment. Management believes it is taking all necessary measures to support the sustainability and development of the Group's business in the current business and economic environment.

**Capital commitments.** As of 30 June 2015 and 31 December 2014 the Group has outstanding capital commitments of approximately RR 58,800 million and RR 36,977 million, respectively, for the construction of the TANECO refinery complex. These commitments are expected to be paid between 2015 and 2017.

Management believes the Group's current and long-term capital expenditures program can be funded through cash flows generated from existing operations as well as lines of credit available to the Company. The TANECO refinery project has been funded from the Company's cash flow with the support of the bank facilities. Management believes the Company has the ability to obtain syndicated loans and other financings as needed to continue funding the TANECO refinery project, refinance any maturing debts as well as finance business acquisitions and other transactions that may arise in the future.

**Taxation.** Russian tax and customs legislation is subject to varying interpretations, and changes, which can occur frequently. Management's interpretation of such legislation as applied to the transactions and activity of the Group may be challenged by the relevant authorities. The Russian tax authorities may be taking a more assertive position in their interpretation of the legislation and assessments, and it is possible that transactions and activities that have not been challenged in the past may be challenged.

## **Note 18: Contingencies and commitments (continued)**

Tax authorities have completed the tax review of the Company's consolidated taxpayers group for the 2012. The results of this review did not have a material effect on the Group's results of operations or cash flows.

Amended Russian transfer pricing legislation took effect from 1 January 2012. The transfer pricing rules appear to be more technically elaborate and, to a certain extent, better aligned with the international transfer pricing principles developed by the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD). The legislation provides the possibility for tax authorities to make transfer pricing adjustments and impose additional tax liabilities in respect of controlled transactions (transactions with related parties and some types of transactions with unrelated parties), provided that the transaction price is not arm's length.

Management believes that its pricing policy is arm's length and it has implemented internal processes to be in compliance with the new transfer pricing legislation.

Given that the practice of implementation of the new Russian transfer pricing rules has not yet developed, the impact of any challenge of the Group's transfer prices cannot be reliably estimated; however, it may be significant to the financial conditions and/or the overall operations of the Group.

**Environmental contingencies.** The Group, through its predecessor entities, has operated in Tatarstan for many years without developed environmental laws, regulations and the Group's policies. Environmental regulations and their enforcement are currently being considered in the Russian Federation and the Group is monitoring its potential obligations related thereto. The outcome of environmental liabilities under proposed or any future environmental legislation cannot reasonably be estimated at present, but could be material. Under existing legislation, however, management believes that there are no probable liabilities, which would have a material adverse effect on the operating results or financial position of the Group.

**Legal contingencies.** The Group is subject to various lawsuits and claims arising in the ordinary course of business. The outcomes of such contingencies, lawsuits or other proceedings cannot be determined at present. In the case of all known contingencies the Group accrues a liability when the loss is probable and the amount is reasonably estimable. Based on currently available information, management believes that it is remote that future costs related to known contingent liability exposures would have a material adverse impact on the Group's consolidated interim condensed financial statements.

**Social commitments.** The Group contributes significantly to the maintenance of local infrastructure and the welfare of its employees within Tatarstan, which includes contributions towards the construction, development and maintenance of housing, hospitals and transport services, recreation and other social needs. Such funding is periodically determined by the Board of Directors after consultation with governmental authorities and recorded as expenditures when incurred.

Guarantees. The Group has no outstanding guarantees at 30 June 2015 and 31 December 2014.

**Transportation of crude oil.** The Group benefits from the blending of its crude oil in the Transneft pipeline system since the Group's crude oil production is generally of a lower quality than that produced by some other regions of the Russian Federation (mainly Western Siberia) which supply through the same pipeline system. There is currently no equalization scheme for differences in crude oil quality within the Transneft pipeline system and the implementation of any such scheme is not determinable at present. However, if this practice were to change, the Group's business could be materially and adversely affected.

**Dividends declared.** In June 2015 the shareholders of the Company approved the payment of dividends for the year ended 31 December 2014 in amount of RR 10.58 per preference and ordinary share. In June 2014 the shareholders of the Company approved the payment of dividends for the year ended 31 December 2013 in amount of RR 8.23 per preference and ordinary share.

**Ukrtatnafta.** In May 2008, Tatneft commenced international arbitration against Ukraine on the basis of the agreement between the Government of the Russian Federation and the Cabinet of Ministries of Ukraine on the Encouragement and Mutual Protection of Investments of November 27, 1998 ("Russia-Ukraine BIT") in connection with the forcible takeover of Ukrtatnafta and seizure of shares of the Group in Ukrtatnafta. In July 2014 the arbitral tribunal issued the award holding Ukraine liable for violation of the Russia-Ukraine BIT and required Ukraine to pay Tatneft US\$ 112 million plus interest.

#### **TATNEFT**

#### **Notes to the Consolidated Interim Condensed Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

(in millions of Russian Roubles)

## **Note 18: Contingencies and commitments (continued)**

**Libya**. As a result of the political situation in Libya, in February 2011 the Group had to entirely suspend its operations in that country and evacuate all its personnel. In February 2013 the Group started the process of resuming its activities in Libya, including the return of its personnel to a branch in Tripoli and recommencement of some exploration activities. Due to the deterioration of security situation in Libya in the second half of 2014 the Group had to suspend all of its operations and announced a force-majeure under the Exploration and Production Sharing Agreements, acknowledged by the National Oil Company, which is continuing as of the date of this report. The Group is constantly monitoring the security and political situation in Libya, and plans to resume its operations once the conditions permit to do so.

As of 30 June 2015 the Group had approximately RR 5,739 million of assets associated with its Libyan operations of which RR 5,520 million is related to capitalized exploration costs, RR 210 million of inventories and RR 9 million of cash. As of 31 December 2014 the Group had approximately RR 5,731 million of assets associated with its Libyan operations of which RR 5,503 million is related to capitalized exploration costs, RR 210 million of inventories and RR 18 million of cash.

## Note 19: Subsequent events

On 10 July 2015 OAO Tatneft was renamed into PAO Tatneft. The change in the Company's legal status is reflected in the new version of the Charter approved by the annual General Shareholders Meeting. The Company's name was changed with a view to bring it in line with the provisions of Chapter IV of the Civil Code of the Russian Federation.