# **JSC OPIN** 2006 Operational Results









# Operational Results



# Financial highlights

US\$m (or as indicated)	31 Dec 2006	31 Dec 2005
Assets	1 655.5	598.8
Long term loans and borrowings	45.6	221.4
Short term loans and borrowings	154.7	3.4
Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent company	1 261.7	244.3
Total number of shares outstanding*	9 484 976	3 590 000
NAV per share, US\$	133.0	68.1
17	2006	2005
Revenue	85.6	93.1
Gross profit	34.0	34.7
EBITDA	70.9	26.7
Net profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company	58.1	14.1

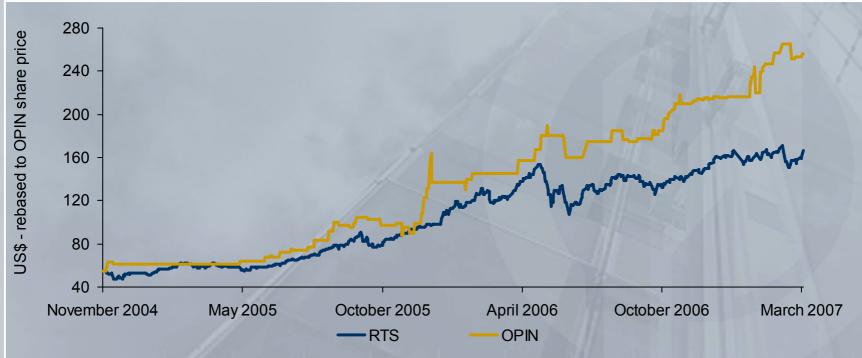
- Assets grew by more than 2.5 times
- **Equity** attributable to shareholders of the parent company increased **5 times**
- Net asset value per share has doubled in the year, up by US\$65
- EBITDA up US\$44.2m on 2005 results, a 166% increase
- Net profit was up 312% on 2005, up by US\$44m

\*excluding 266 000 treasury shares as of 31 Dec 2006



## **OPIN** share performance

- RTS listing (with unlisted GDRs)
- Market capitalisation circa US\$ 2bn<sup>(1)</sup>
- Average monthly over-the-counter trade volume is approximately US\$30m<sup>(2)</sup>



Note: (1) based on the number of shares after second and third share issuance, excluding 266 000 treasury shares as of 31 Dec 2006 Note: (2) ING / Renaissance Capital estimates



# New projects and acquisitions of the Group

- In November 2006 the Group acquired a 100-percent share in Bank Tower LLC within the framework of Sakharov Business Plaza development (a Class A business center), resultantly, the Group obtained total control rights over the project.
- Construction of OPIN Plaza, a class A multi-purpose office and business complex, commenced. Design and survey works are currently underway.
- Construction commenced on a multifunctional complex close to Neglinnaya Street with a total area of over 18,000m<sup>2</sup>. Design works are currently underway.
- In December 2006 the Board of Directors resolved that the Group will participate in a program of acquisition of new land plots in the Moscow, Tver, and Yaroslavl Regions (the "Land Acquisition Program") for a total amount of circa US\$395m. As of 31 December 2006, US\$31m has been invested pursuant to this Program.
- The Company's land holdings increased by approximately **130 hectares** in 2006 (Lukino, Gorky-10, Pavlovo-2, Large Pestovo). As of 31 December 2006, land holdings totaled over 770 hectares. During the year, the Company invested **US\$345 million** for the subsequent acquisition of over 2,000 hectares (Large Pestovo, Timonino, Zavidovo, Sochi).



# New projects and acquisitions of the Group: Key Events 2007

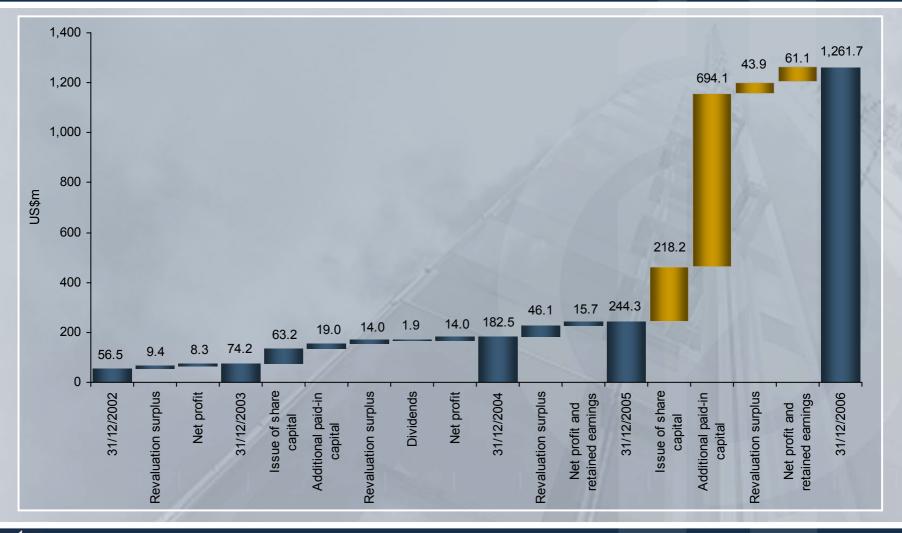
- In January 2007, the Group acquired companies owning approximately 1,237 hectares of land in the Tver Region (Zavidovo) at an aggregate price of US\$85 million. As of 31 December 2006 the Group paid in full the advance amount due from it under the relevant sale and purchase contracts.
- In February 2007 the Group acquired a company owning rights to approximately 0.8 hectares of land in the town of Sochi at an aggregate price of US\$12 million. As of 31 December 2006 the Group paid in full the advance amount due from it under the relevant sale and purchase contracts.
- The Company continues to seek to boost its sales revenues. In 2007, the Company has continued its growth strategy with the disposal of cottages in two cottage villages,
  Martemianovo and Pavlovo-2.



# **Boosting Net Asset** Value

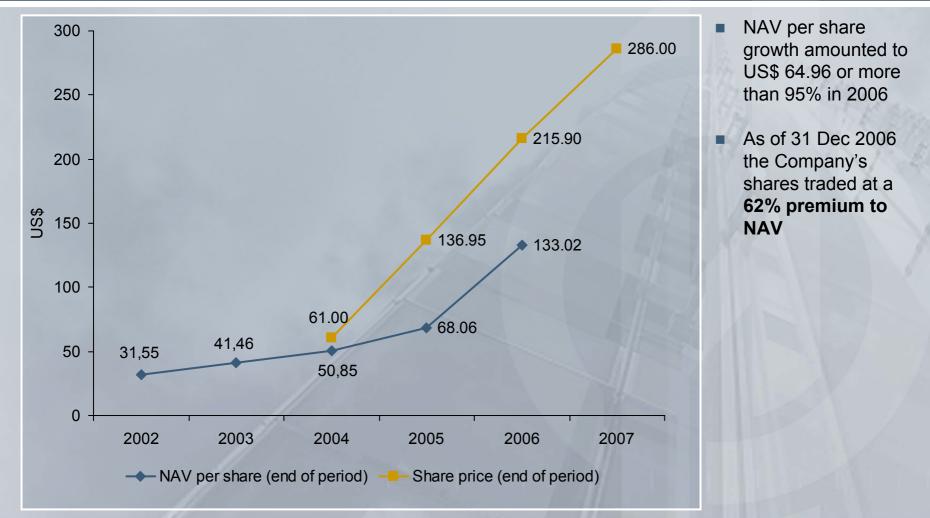


### **Net Asset Value growth**



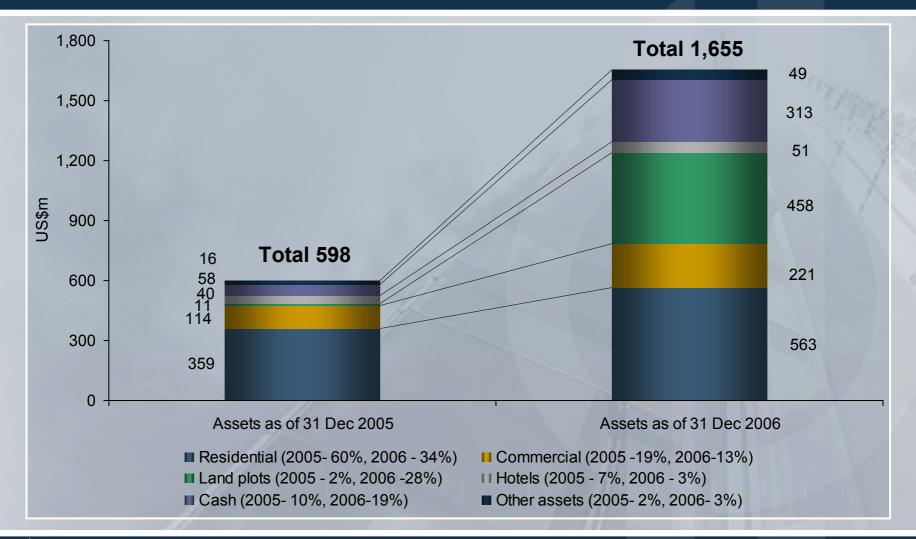


# Net Asset Value per share and share price dynamics





### The Group's assets by segment





# The Group's operations generating current income



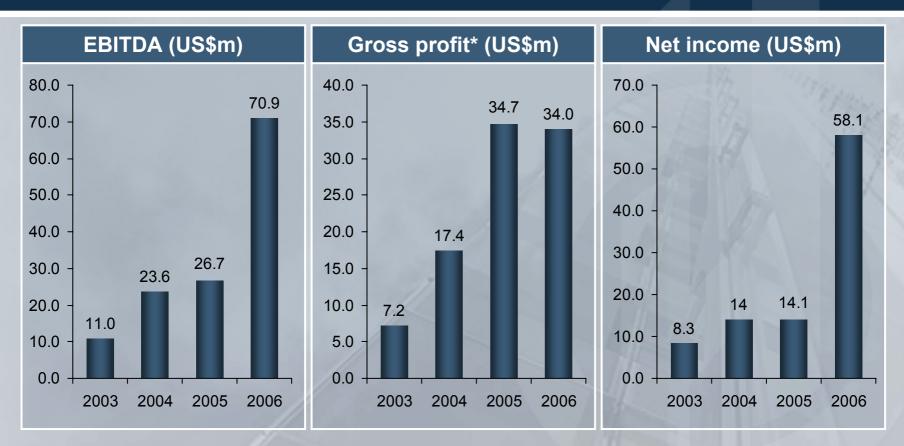
# Group's revenue by segment



- In 2006 the Group's sales amounted to US\$85.6 million. Sales from the construction contracts in relation to Pavlovo-1 and Pestovo projects and sale of land plots amounted to 67% of total sales.
- Securing the highest possible profit margins: the Group sells cottages in Pavlovo-1 at highest market price in 2007-2008.
- Cash received in 2006 under the **Pestovo** project have not been fully reported as revenue as a result of *negotiations with customers on architectural details not yet being finalized*.
- Land plots in **Pestovo** project were revalued in 2006 which resulted in both a reduction of the amount to be reported as revenue under construction contracts and decreasing profit margins.



## **EBITDA and net income growth**

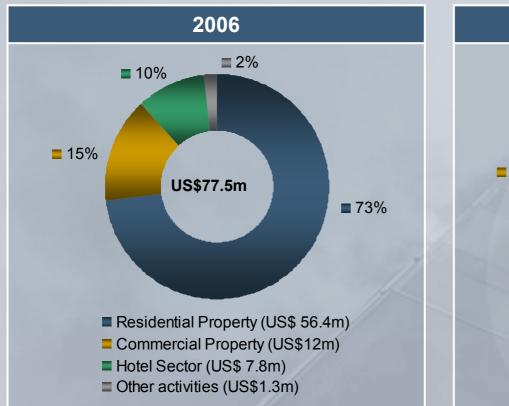


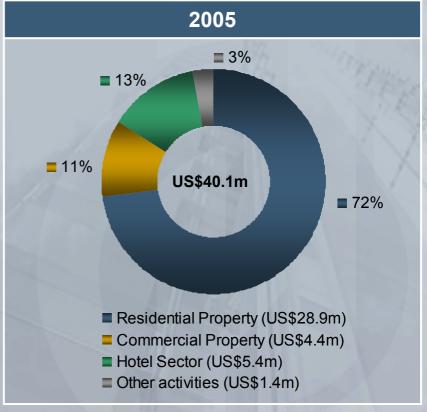
- EBITDA has grown by US\$ 44.1m or by 65%
- Gross profit\* has remained at last year level due to margin ratio growth from 37% to 40%.

\* Gross profit without gain on investment property revaluation



# Gross Profit Split\* by business segments of the Group





By 2006 gross profit increased by US\$37.4m, i.e. nearly doubled \*

\*given the increase in investment property fair value



# **Cash flow**



### Cash flow

US\$m	2006	2005	
Cash at the beginning of the period	55.4	58.4	
Cash, (used in)/ received from operations	44.6	(1.5)	
Cash used in investment activities	(667.5)	(200.2)	
Cash from financial activities	879.6	199.0	
Effect of foreign exchange rates	1.3	(0.1)	
Cash at the end of period	313.4	55.4	

- Increase of cash inflow from operations was mostly due to cash receipts from clients of Pestovo Project
- Cash outflow for investment activities increased due to acquisition of subsidiaries and land plots
- Increase in cash inflow from financial activities was mostly due to cash inflow from new share issues



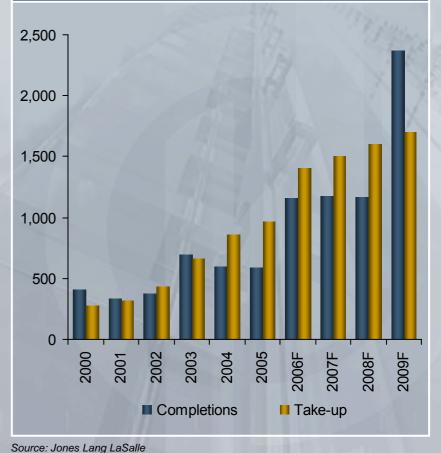
# **APPENDICES**



## Appendix 1: Market Key Themes

- The market for quality properties is at a very early stage of growth after years of soviet and transition periods
- Strong economic fundamentals drive growth across all segments of the Russian real estate market
- Abundance and diversity of long term investment opportunities with high return potential; but
  - High entry barriers for development companies
  - Scarcity of land plots suitable for high-end property development
  - Lack of professional developers with high transparency
- 'Quality' is the most scarce characteristic
- Strong investor demand for high quality investment grade opportunities
- Experienced large-cap companies are well placed to participate in the most attractive projects

#### Moscow office class A&B Take up & Completions ('000 square meters)





# Appendix 1: Market Residential property market

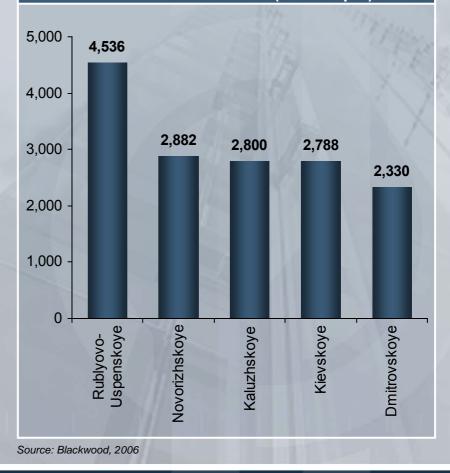
#### **Key drivers**

- Emergence of an affluent upper middle class the number of US Dollar millionaires in Russia increased by 17% and reached 103 000 people in the year 2005 (Source: Merrill Lynch and Cap Gemini).
- Growing demand for quality houses in Moscow suburbs
- Undervalued agricultural land plots suitable for conversion into residential land
- High entry barriers / High capital requirements

#### **Key characteristics**

- Emergence of high-end locations as stand-alone submarkets
- Accelerating growth in sale prices
- More demanding buyers
  - Increasing due diligence requirements
- Complicated government regulation
- Higher margin on completed houses versus construction contracts

Average prices for cottages within 15 - 30 km from MKAD distance (US\$ / sq m)





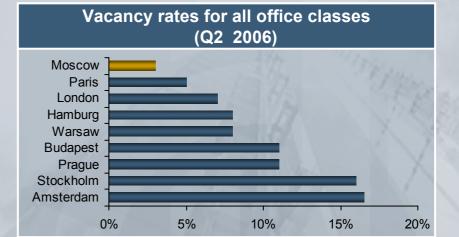
# Appendix 1: Commercial property market

#### **Key drivers**

- Strong economic fundamentals
- High demand from both Russian and international companies
- Insufficent supply of Class A space

#### **Main characteristics**

- High barriers to entry, scarcity of land plots
- Low vacancy rates for Class A and B office space in Moscow
  - 0.9% for class A office
  - 4.2% for class B offices space in Q4 2006
- Increase in durations and volumes of lease contracts
- Diminishing capitalization rates due to strong investor demand







### Appendix 1: Retail property market

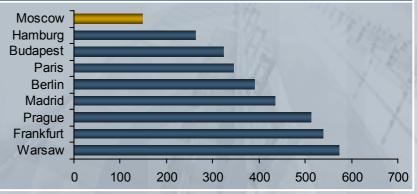
#### **Key drivers**

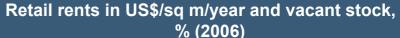
- Strong growth in real wages and disposable income
- Move from street retail to modern shopping centres
- Western and local retailers expanding their presence
- Increasing competition in Moscow Oblast for large scale upmarket retailers
- Regions start developing

#### **Main characteristics**

- Insufficient supply of quality retail space
- Low vacancy rates for retail space (apprx.1%)
- Pre-leases and wait-lists for good locations
- Some of the highest rental rates in Europe

#### Shopping centre stock sq m per 1,000 inhabitants (2006)







Source: Jones Lang LaSalle



# **Appendix 1: Hotel Sector**

### Three stars hotels segment has significant growth potential

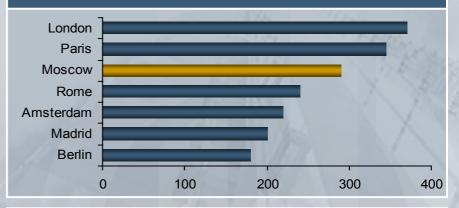
#### **Key drivers**

- Growing number of business travellers and tourists
- Closure of several large 'Soviet' hotels
- Insufficient supply of quality hotels in recent years

#### **Key characteristics**

- High occupancy rates, particularly midweek
- High room rates

#### Average price per hotel room (1H 2006)



#### Average return rate per one hotel room (1H 2006)





## **Appendix 2**: **Developing projects portfolio**

#### **Residential property**

Fully acquired	Land size for the project, ha	Land size owned by the group as of 31.12.06, ha	Value under IFRS, US\$m	Impact on NAV, US\$m (in 2006)	Impact on NAV, US\$m (cumulative)
Pavlovo-1	69.1	56.1	39.4	× 2507	13.7
Pavlovo -2	82.9	82.9	93.2	15.6	26.4
Pestovo	128.9	121.9	64.4	17.5	30.5
Novorizhski	202.5	202.5	77.3	4.4	4.2
Martemyanovo	228.9	228.9	72.0	4.7	23.6
Gorki-10	29.9	29.9	61.7	15.8	15.8
Large Pestovo	37.3	37.3	19.3	1915 - 191	
Samara	16.9	16.9	11.3	0.2	0.7
Sochi***	2.0	2.0	9.8	melt 1	1.5
Total as of December 31, 2006	<u>798.4</u>	<u>778.4</u>	<u>448.4</u>	<u>58.1</u>	<u>116.4</u>
Being acquired	Contraction of the			MILTER V	
Zavidovo*,**	1 236.6	//	85.0		
Large Pestovo (addit. part)*, ****	962.7		200.0		1 1 1
Timonino*	136.7		47.8		1. 1.
Sochi (addit. part)*,**	0.8		12.0	Para -	22
Land acquisition program*			31.0		
Expected estimates	<u>2 336.8</u>		<u>375.8</u>		

Board of Director has approved the amount of US\$ 395m for buying land within the Land Acquisition Program

\*capital advances \*\* acquired in 2007 \*\*\*\* acquisition of up to 1,000 ha within Large Pestovo perimeter is possible \*\*\*lease rights, taking into account the capex as of 31.12.06



# Appendix 3: Developing projects portfolio

#### **Commercial property**

	Net Rentable Area, '000 sq. m.	Land plot size, ha	Value under IFRS*, US\$m	Impact on NAV, US\$m (2006)	Impact on NAV, US\$m (cumulative)
Sakharov Business Plaza**	63.0	1.4	95.1	1.6	6.5
Raikin Retail and Entertainment Centre	41.0	3.4	18.0	Start H.	X J.
Meyerhold Office Centre**	7.1	1.1	22.5	5.7	15.6
Opin Plaza**	52.8	1.1	14.4	0.8	1.7
Pavlovo Podvorye	37	12.8	22.2	2.0	6.4
Pavlovo School	-	10.4	9.0	1.5	3.8
Total as of 31 December 2006	- /)	<u>30.2</u>	<u>181.2</u>	<u>11.7</u>	<u>34.0</u>





